

# Contents

Glossary of chemical abbreviations	xxi		
<b>Part I Foundations</b>	<b>1</b>		
<b>1 Atomic structure</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3 The structures of simple solids</b>	<b>65</b>
The structures of hydrogenic atoms	4	The description of the structures of solids	66
1.1 Spectroscopic information	6	3.1 Unit cells and the description of crystal structures	66
1.2 Some principles of quantum mechanics	8	3.2 The close packing of spheres	69
1.3 Atomic orbitals	9	3.3 Holes in close-packed structures	70
Many-electron atoms	15	The structures of metals and alloys	72
1.4 Penetration and shielding	15	3.4 Polytypism	73
1.5 The building-up principle	17	3.5 Nonclose-packed structures	74
1.6 The classification of the elements	20	3.6 Polymorphism of metals	74
1.7 Atomic properties	22	3.7 Atomic radii of metals	75
FURTHER READING	32	3.8 Alloys and interstitials	76
EXERCISES	32	Ionic solids	80
TUTORIAL PROBLEMS	33	3.9 Characteristic structures of ionic solids	80
		3.10 The rationalization of structures	87
<b>2 Molecular structure and bonding</b>	<b>34</b>	The energetics of ionic bonding	91
Lewis structures	34	3.11 Lattice enthalpy and the Born-Haber cycle	91
2.1 The octet rule	34	3.12 The calculation of lattice enthalpies	93
2.2 Resonance	35	3.13 Comparison of experimental and theoretical values	95
2.3 The VSEPR model	36	3.14 The Kapustinskii equation	97
Valence bond theory	39	3.15 Consequences of lattice enthalpies	98
2.4 The hydrogen molecule	39	Defects and nonstoichiometry	102
2.5 Homonuclear diatomic molecules	40	3.16 The origins and types of defects	102
2.6 Polyatomic molecules	40	3.17 Nonstoichiometric compounds and solid solutions	105
Molecular orbital theory	42	The electronic structures of solids	107
2.7 An introduction to the theory	43	3.18 The conductivities of inorganic solids	107
2.8 Homonuclear diatomic molecules	45	3.19 Bands formed from overlapping atomic orbitals	107
2.9 Heteronuclear diatomic molecules	48	3.20 Semiconduction	110
2.10 Bond properties	50	FURTHER INFORMATION: the Born-Mayer equation	112
2.11 Polyatomic molecules	52	FURTHER READING	113
2.12 Computational methods	56	EXERCISES	113
Structure and bond properties	58	TUTORIAL PROBLEMS	115
2.13 Bond length	58		
2.14 Bond strength	58	<b>4 Acids and bases</b>	<b>116</b>
2.15 Electronegativity and bond enthalpy	59	Brønsted acidity	117
2.16 Oxidation states	61	4.1 Proton transfer equilibria in water	117
FURTHER READING	62	Characteristics of Brønsted acids	125
EXERCISES	62	4.2 Periodic trends in aqua acid strength	126
TUTORIAL PROBLEMS	63	4.3 Simple oxoacids	126
		4.4 Anhydrous oxides	129
		4.5 Polyoxo compound formation	130
		Lewis acidity	132
		4.6 Examples of Lewis acids and bases	132
		4.7 Group characteristics of Lewis acids	133

<b>Reactions and properties of Lewis acids and bases</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>Applications of symmetry</b>	<b>196</b>
4.8 The fundamental types of reaction	137	6.3 Polar molecules	196
4.9 Factors governing interactions between Lewis acids and bases	139	6.4 Chiral molecules	196
4.10 Thermodynamic acidity parameters	141	6.5 Molecular vibrations	197
<b>Nonaqueous solvents</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>The symmetries of molecular orbitals</b>	<b>201</b>
4.11 Solvent levelling	142	6.6 Symmetry-adapted linear combinations	201
4.12 The solvent-system definition of acids and bases	144	6.7 The construction of molecular orbitals	203
4.13 Solvents as acids and bases	145	6.8 The vibrational analogy	204
<b>Applications of acid-base chemistry</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>Representations</b>	<b>205</b>
4.14 Superacids and superbases	149	6.9 The reduction of a representation	205
4.15 Heterogeneous acid-base reactions	150	6.10 Projection operators	207
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>208</b>
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>208</b>
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>208</b>
<b>5 Oxidation and reduction</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>7 An introduction to coordination compounds</b>	<b>209</b>
<b>Reduction potentials</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>The language of coordination chemistry</b>	<b>210</b>
5.1 Redox half-reactions	155	7.1 Representative ligands	210
5.2 Standard potentials and spontaneity	156	7.2 Nomenclature	212
5.3 Trends in standard potentials	160	<b>Constitution and geometry</b>	<b>214</b>
5.4 The electrochemical series	161	7.3 Low coordination numbers	214
5.5 The Nernst equation	162	7.4 Intermediate coordination numbers	215
<b>Redox stability</b>	<b>164</b>	7.5 Higher coordination numbers	216
5.6 The influence of pH	164	7.6 Polymetallic complexes	218
5.7 Reactions with water	165	<b>Isomerism and chirality</b>	<b>218</b>
5.8 Oxidation by atmospheric oxygen	166	7.7 Square-planar complexes	219
5.9 Disproportionation and comproportionation	167	7.8 Tetrahedral complexes	220
5.10 The influence of complexation	168	7.9 Trigonal-bipyramidal and square-pyramidal complexes	220
5.11 The relation between solubility and standard potentials	170	7.10 Octahedral complexes	221
<b>Diagrammatic presentation of potential data</b>	<b>170</b>	7.11 Ligand chirality	224
5.12 Latimer diagrams	171	<b>The thermodynamics of complex formation</b>	<b>225</b>
5.13 Frost diagrams	173	7.12 Formation constants	226
5.14 Pourbaix diagrams	177	7.13 Trends in successive formation constants	227
5.15 Applications in environmental chemistry: natural waters	177	7.14 The chelate and macrocyclic effects	229
<b>Chemical extraction of the elements</b>	<b>178</b>	7.15 Steric effects and electron delocalization	229
5.16 Chemical reduction	178	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>231</b>
5.17 Chemical oxidation	182	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>231</b>
5.18 Electrochemical extraction	183	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>232</b>
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>184</b>		
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>8 Physical techniques in inorganic chemistry</b>	<b>234</b>
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>Diffraction methods</b>	<b>234</b>
 		8.1 X-ray diffraction	234
<b>6 Molecular symmetry</b>	<b>188</b>	8.2 Neutron diffraction	238
<b>An introduction to symmetry analysis</b>	<b>188</b>	<b>Absorption and emission spectroscopies</b>	<b>239</b>
6.1 Symmetry operations, elements, and point groups	188	8.3 Ultraviolet-visible spectroscopy	240
6.2 Character tables	193	8.4 Fluorescence or emission spectroscopy	242
		8.5 Infrared and Raman spectroscopy	244

<b>Resonance techniques</b>	<b>247</b>	10.3 Nuclear properties	302
8.6 Nuclear magnetic resonance	247	10.4 Production of dihydrogen	303
8.7 Electron paramagnetic resonance	252	10.5 Reactions of dihydrogen	305
8.8 Mössbauer spectroscopy	254	10.6 Compounds of hydrogen	306
<b>Ionization-based techniques</b>	<b>255</b>	10.7 General methods for synthesis of binary hydrogen compounds	315
8.9 Photoelectron spectroscopy	255	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>316</b>
8.10 X-ray absorption spectroscopy	256	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>316</b>
8.11 Mass spectrometry	257	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>317</b>
<b>Chemical analysis</b>	<b>259</b>		
8.12 Atomic absorption spectroscopy	260	<b>11 The Group 1 elements</b>	<b>318</b>
8.13 CHN analysis	260	<b>Part A: The essentials</b>	<b>318</b>
8.14 X-ray fluorescence elemental analysis	261	11.1 The elements	318
8.15 Thermal analysis	262	11.2 Simple compounds	320
<b>Magnetometry and magnetic susceptibility</b>	<b>264</b>	11.3 The atypical properties of lithium	321
<b>Electrochemical techniques</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>Part B: The detail</b>	<b>321</b>
<b>Microscopy</b>	<b>266</b>	11.4 Occurrence and extraction	321
8.16 Scanning probe microscopy	266	11.5 Uses of the elements and their compounds	322
8.17 Electron microscopy	267	11.6 Hydrides	324
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>268</b>	11.7 Halides	324
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>268</b>	11.8 Oxides and related compounds	326
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>269</b>	11.9 Sulfides, selenides, and tellurides	327
		11.10 Hydroxides	327
<b>Part 2 The elements and their compounds</b>	<b>271</b>	11.11 Compounds of oxoacids	328
		11.12 Nitrides and carbides	330
<b>9 Periodic trends</b>	<b>273</b>	11.13 Solubility and hydration	330
<b>Periodic properties of the elements</b>	<b>273</b>	11.14 Solutions in liquid ammonia	331
9.1 Valence electron configurations	273	11.15 Zintl phases containing alkali metals	331
9.2 Atomic parameters	274	11.16 Coordination compounds	332
9.3 Occurrence	279	11.17 Organometallic compounds	333
9.4 Metallic character	280	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>334</b>
9.5 Oxidation states	281	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>334</b>
<b>Periodic characteristics of compounds</b>	<b>285</b>	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>334</b>
9.6 Coordination numbers	285		
9.7 Bond enthalpy trends	285	<b>12 The Group 2 elements</b>	<b>336</b>
9.8 Binary compounds	287	<b>Part A: The essentials</b>	<b>336</b>
9.9 Wider aspects of periodicity	289	12.1 The elements	336
9.10 Anomalous nature of the first member of each group	293	12.2 Simple compounds	337
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>295</b>	12.3 The anomalous properties of beryllium	339
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>295</b>	<b>Part B: The detail</b>	<b>339</b>
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>295</b>	12.4 Occurrence and extraction	339
		12.5 Uses of the elements and their compounds	340
<b>10 Hydrogen</b>	<b>296</b>	12.6 Hydrides	342
<b>Part A: The essentials</b>	<b>296</b>	12.7 Halides	343
10.1 The element	297	12.8 Oxides, sulfides, and hydroxides	344
10.2 Simple compounds	298	12.9 Nitrides and carbides	346
<b>Part B: The detail</b>	<b>302</b>	12.10 Salts of oxoacids	346

12.11 Solubility, hydration, and beryllates	349	14.10 Simple compounds of silicon with oxygen	396
12.12 Coordination compounds	349	14.11 Oxides of germanium, tin, and lead	397
12.13 Organometallic compounds	350	14.12 Compounds with nitrogen	398
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>352</b>	14.13 Carbides	398
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>352</b>	14.14 Silicides	401
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>352</b>	14.15 Extended silicon-oxygen compounds	401
 		14.16 Organosilicon and organogermanium compounds	404
<b>13 The Group 13 elements</b>	<b>354</b>	14.17 Organometallic compounds	405
<b>Part A: The essentials</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>406</b>
13.1 The elements	354	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>406</b>
13.2 Compounds	356	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>407</b>
13.3 Boron clusters	359		
<b>Part B: The detail</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>15 The Group 15 elements</b>	<b>408</b>
13.4 Occurrence and recovery	359	<b>Part A: The essentials</b>	<b>408</b>
13.5 Uses of the elements and their compounds	360	15.1 The elements	409
13.6 Simple hydrides of boron	361	15.2 Simple compounds	410
13.7 Boron trihalides	363	15.3 Oxides and oxanions of nitrogen	411
13.8 Boron-oxygen compounds	364	<b>Part B: The detail</b>	<b>411</b>
13.9 Compounds of boron with nitrogen	365	15.4 Occurrence and recovery	411
13.10 Metal borides	366	15.5 Uses	412
13.11 Higher boranes and borohydrides	367	15.6 Nitrogen activation	414
13.12 Metallaboranes and carboranes	372	15.7 Nitrides and azides	415
13.13 The hydrides of aluminium and gallium	374	15.8 Phosphides	416
13.14 Trihalides of aluminium, gallium, indium, and thallium	374	15.9 Arsenides, antimonides, and bismuthides	417
13.15 Low-oxidation-state halides of aluminium, gallium, indium, and thallium	375	15.10 Hydrides	417
13.16 Oxo compounds of aluminium, gallium, indium, and thallium	376	15.11 Halides	419
13.17 Sulfides of gallium, indium, and thallium	376	15.12 Oxohalides	420
13.18 Compounds with Group 15 elements	376	15.13 Oxides and oxoanions of nitrogen	421
13.19 Zintl phases	377	15.14 Oxides of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, and bismuth	425
13.20 Organometallic compounds	377	15.15 Oxoanions of phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, and bismuth	425
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>378</b>	15.16 Condensed phosphates	427
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>378</b>	15.17 Phosphazenes	428
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>379</b>	15.18 Organometallic compounds of arsenic, antimony, and bismuth	428
 		<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>430</b>
<b>14 The Group 14 elements</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>430</b>
<b>Part A: The essentials</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>431</b>
14.1 The elements	381		
14.2 Simple compounds	383	<b>16 The Group 16 elements</b>	<b>433</b>
14.3 Extended silicon-oxygen compounds	385	<b>Part A: The essentials</b>	<b>433</b>
<b>Part B: The detail</b>	<b>385</b>	16.1 The elements	433
14.4 Occurrence and recovery	385	16.2 Simple compounds	435
14.5 Diamond and graphite	386	16.3 Ring and cluster compounds	437
14.6 Other forms of carbon	387	<b>Part B: The detail</b>	<b>438</b>
14.7 Hydrides	390	16.4 Oxygen	438
14.8 Compounds with halogens	392	16.5 Reactivity of oxygen	439
14.9 Compounds of carbon with oxygen and sulfur	394	16.6 Sulfur	440
		16.7 Selenium, tellurium, and polonium	441

16.8	Hydrides	441	18.9	Organoxenon compounds	484
16.9	Halides	444	18.10	Coordination compounds	485
16.10	Metal oxides	445	18.11	Other compounds of noble gases	486
16.11	Metal sulfides, selenides, tellurides, and polonides	445	<b>FURTHER READING</b>		<b>486</b>
16.12	Oxides	447	<b>EXERCISES</b>		<b>486</b>
16.13	Oxoacids of sulfur	449	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>		<b>487</b>
16.14	Polyanions of sulfur, selenium, and tellurium	452			
16.15	Polycations of sulfur, selenium, and tellurium	452	<b>19 The d-block elements</b>		<b>488</b>
16.16	Sulfur–nitrogen compounds	453	<b>Part A: The essentials</b>		<b>488</b>
<b>FURTHER READING</b>		<b>454</b>	19.1	Occurrence and recovery	488
<b>EXERCISES</b>		<b>454</b>	19.2	Chemical and physical properties	489
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>		<b>455</b>	<b>Part B: The detail</b>		<b>491</b>
<b>17 The Group 17 elements</b>		<b>456</b>	19.3	Group 3: scandium, yttrium, and lanthanum	491
<b>Part A: The essentials</b>		<b>456</b>	19.4	Group 4: titanium, zirconium, and hafnium	493
17.1	The elements	456	19.5	Group 5: vanadium, niobium, and tantalum	494
17.2	Simple compounds	458	19.6	Group 6: chromium, molybdenum, and tungsten	498
17.3	The interhalogens	460	19.7	Group 7: manganese, technetium, and rhenium	502
<b>Part B: The detail</b>		<b>461</b>	19.8	Group 8: iron, ruthenium, and osmium	504
17.4	Occurrence, recovery, and uses	461	19.9	Group 9: cobalt, rhodium, and iridium	506
17.5	Molecular structure and properties	463	19.10	Group 10: nickel, palladium, and platinum	507
17.6	Reactivity trends	464	19.11	Group 11: copper, silver, and gold	508
17.7	Pseudohalogens	465	19.12	Group 12: zinc, cadmium, and mercury	510
17.8	Special properties of fluorine compounds	466	<b>FURTHER READING</b>		<b>513</b>
17.9	Structural features	466	<b>EXERCISES</b>		<b>514</b>
17.10	The interhalogens	467	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>		<b>514</b>
17.11	Halogen oxides	470	<b>20 d-Metal complexes: electronic structure and properties</b>		<b>515</b>
17.12	Oxoacids and oxoanions	471	<b>Electronic structure</b>		<b>515</b>
17.13	Thermodynamic aspects of oxoanion redox reactions	472	20.1	Crystal-field theory	515
17.14	Trends in rates of oxoanion redox reactions	473	20.2	Ligand-field theory	525
17.15	Redox properties of individual oxidation states	474	<b>Electronic spectra</b>		<b>530</b>
17.16	Fluorocarbons	475	20.3	Electronic spectra of atoms	530
<b>FURTHER READING</b>		<b>476</b>	20.4	Electronic spectra of complexes	536
<b>EXERCISES</b>		<b>476</b>	20.5	Charge-transfer bands	540
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>		<b>478</b>	20.6	Selection rules and intensities	541
			20.7	Luminescence	543
<b>18 The Group 18 elements</b>		<b>479</b>	<b>Magnetism</b>		<b>544</b>
<b>Part A: The essentials</b>		<b>479</b>	20.8	Cooperative magnetism	544
18.1	The elements	479	20.9	Spin-crossover complexes	546
18.2	Simple compounds	480	<b>FURTHER READING</b>		<b>547</b>
<b>Part B: The detail</b>		<b>481</b>	<b>EXERCISES</b>		<b>547</b>
18.3	Occurrence and recovery	481	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>		<b>548</b>
18.4	Uses	481			
18.5	Synthesis and structure of xenon fluorides	482	<b>21 Coordination chemistry: reactions of complexes</b>		<b>550</b>
18.6	Reactions of xenon fluorides	482	<b>Ligand substitution reactions</b>		<b>550</b>
18.7	Xenon–oxygen compounds	483	21.1	Rates of ligand substitution	550
18.8	Xenon insertion compounds	484	21.2	The classification of mechanisms	552

<b>Ligand substitution in square-planar complexes</b>	<b>555</b>	22.22 Oxidative addition and reductive elimination	617
21.3 The nucleophilicity of the entering group	556	22.23 $\sigma$ -Bond metathesis	619
21.4 The shape of the transition state	557	22.24 1,1-Migratory insertion reactions	619
<b>Ligand substitution in octahedral complexes</b>	<b>560</b>	22.25 1,2-Insertions and $\beta$ -hydride elimination	620
21.5 Rate laws and their interpretation	560	22.26 $\alpha$ , $\gamma$ , and $\delta$ -Hydride eliminations and cyclometallations	621
21.6 The activation of octahedral complexes	562	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>622</b>
21.7 Base hydrolysis	565	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>622</b>
21.8 Stereochemistry	566	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>623</b>
21.9 Isomerization reactions	567		
<b>Redox reactions</b>	<b>568</b>	<b>23 The f-block elements</b>	<b>625</b>
21.10 The classification of redox reactions	568	<b>The elements</b>	<b>626</b>
21.11 The inner-sphere mechanism	568	23.1 The valence orbitals	626
21.12 The outer-sphere mechanism	570	23.2 Occurrence and recovery	627
<b>Photochemical reactions</b>	<b>574</b>	23.3 Physical properties and applications	627
21.13 Prompt and delayed reactions	574	<b>Lanthanoid chemistry</b>	<b>628</b>
21.14 d-d and charge-transfer reactions	574	23.4 General trends	628
21.15 Transitions in metal-metal bonded systems	576	23.5 Electronic, optical, and magnetic properties	632
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>576</b>	23.6 Binary ionic compounds	636
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>576</b>	23.7 Ternary and complex oxides	638
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>577</b>	23.8 Coordination compounds	639
		23.9 Organometallic compounds	641
<b>22 d-Metal organometallic chemistry</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>Actinoid chemistry</b>	<b>643</b>
<b>Bonding</b>	<b>580</b>	23.10 General trends	643
22.1 Stable electron configurations	580	23.11 Electronic spectra of the actinoids	647
22.2 Electron-count preference	581	23.12 Thorium and uranium	648
22.3 Electron counting and oxidation states	582	23.13 Neptunium, plutonium, and americium	649
22.4 Nomenclature	584	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>650</b>
<b>Ligands</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>650</b>
22.5 Carbon monoxide	585	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>651</b>
22.6 Phosphines	587		
22.7 Hydrides and dihydrogen complexes	588	<b>Part 3 Frontiers</b>	<b>653</b>
22.8 $\eta^1$ -Alkyl, -alkenyl, -alkynyl, and -aryl ligands	589	<b>24 Materials chemistry and nanomaterials</b>	<b>655</b>
22.9 $\eta^2$ -Alkene and -alkyne ligands	590	<b>Synthesis of materials</b>	<b>656</b>
22.10 Nonconjugated diene and polyene ligands	591	24.1 The formation of bulk material	656
22.11 Butadiene, cyclobutadiene, and cyclooctatetraene	591	<b>Defects and ion transport</b>	<b>659</b>
22.12 Benzene and other arenes	593	24.2 Extended defects	659
22.13 The allyl ligand	594	24.3 Atom and ion diffusion	660
22.14 Cyclopentadiene and cycloheptatriene	595	24.4 Solid electrolytes	661
22.15 Carbenes	597	<b>Metal oxides, nitrides, and fluorides</b>	<b>665</b>
22.16 Alkanes, agostic hydrogens, and noble gases	597	24.5 Monoxides of the 3d metals	665
22.17 Dinitrogen and nitrogen monoxide	598	24.6 Higher oxides and complex oxides	667
<b>Compounds</b>	<b>599</b>	24.7 Oxide glasses	676
22.18 d-Block carbonyls	599	24.8 Nitrides, fluorides, and mixed-anion phases	679
22.19 Metallocenes	606	<b>Sulfides, intercalation compounds, and metal-rich phases</b>	<b>681</b>
22.20 Metal-metal bonding and metal clusters	610	24.9 Layered $MS_2$ compounds and intercalation	681
<b>Reactions</b>	<b>614</b>	24.10 Chevrel phases and chalcogenide thermoelectrics	684
22.21 Ligand substitution	614		

<b>Framework structures</b>	<b>685</b>	<b>Heterogeneous catalysis</b>	<b>742</b>
24.11 Structures based on tetrahedral oxoanions	685	25.10 The nature of heterogeneous catalysts	743
24.12 Structures based on linked octahedral and tetrahedral centres	689	25.11 Hydrogenation catalysts	747
<b>Hydrides and hydrogen-storage materials</b>	<b>694</b>	25.12 Ammonia synthesis	748
24.13 Metal hydrides	694	25.13 Sulfur dioxide oxidation	749
24.14 Other inorganic hydrogen-storage materials	696	25.14 Catalytic cracking and the interconversion of aromatics by zeolites	749
<b>Optical properties of inorganic materials</b>	<b>696</b>	25.15 Fischer–Tropsch synthesis	751
24.15 Coloured solids	697	25.16 Electrocatalysis and photocatalysis	752
24.16 White and black pigments	698	25.17 New directions in heterogeneous catalysis	754
24.17 Photocatalysts	699	<b>Heterogenized homogeneous and hybrid catalysis</b>	<b>755</b>
<b>Semiconductor chemistry</b>	<b>700</b>	25.18 Oligomerization and polymerization	755
24.18 Group 14 semiconductors	701	25.19 Tethered catalysts	759
24.19 Semiconductor systems isoelectronic with silicon	702	25.20 Biphasic systems	760
<b>Molecular materials and fullerides</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>760</b>
24.20 Fullerides	703	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>761</b>
24.21 Molecular materials chemistry	704	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>762</b>
<b>Nanomaterials</b>	<b>707</b>	<b>26 Biological inorganic chemistry</b>	<b>763</b>
24.22 Terminology and history	707	<b>The organization of cells</b>	<b>763</b>
24.23 Solution-based synthesis of nanoparticles	708	26.1 The physical structure of cells	763
24.24 Vapour-phase synthesis of nanoparticles via solutions or solids	710	26.2 The inorganic composition of living organisms	764
24.25 Templated synthesis of nanomaterials using frameworks, supports, and substrates	711	<b>Transport, transfer, and transcription</b>	<b>773</b>
24.26 Characterization and formation of nanomaterials using microscopy	712	26.3 Sodium and potassium transport	773
<b>Nanostructures and properties</b>	<b>713</b>	26.4 Calcium-signalling proteins	775
24.27 One-dimensional control: carbon nanotubes and inorganic nanowires	713	26.5 Zinc in transcription	776
24.28 Two-dimensional control: graphene, quantum wells, and solid-state superlattices	715	26.6 Selective transport and storage of iron	777
24.29 Three-dimensional control: mesoporous materials and composites	718	26.7 Oxygen transport and storage	780
24.30 Special optical properties of nanomaterials	721	26.8 Electron transfer	783
<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>Catalytic processes</b>	<b>788</b>
<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>725</b>	26.9 Acid–base catalysis	788
<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>726</b>	26.10 Enzymes dealing with H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> and O <sub>2</sub>	793
<b>25 Catalysis</b>	<b>728</b>	26.11 The reactions of cobalt-containing enzymes	802
<b>General principles</b>	<b>729</b>	26.12 Oxygen atom transfer by molybdenum and tungsten enzymes	805
25.1 The language of catalysis	729	<b>Biological cycles</b>	<b>807</b>
25.2 Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysts	732	26.13 The nitrogen cycle	807
<b>Homogeneous catalysis</b>	<b>732</b>	26.14 The hydrogen cycle	810
25.3 Alkene metathesis	733	<b>Sensors</b>	<b>811</b>
25.4 Hydrogenation of alkenes	734	26.15 Iron proteins as sensors	811
25.5 Hydroformylation	736	26.16 Proteins that sense Cu and Zn levels	813
25.6 Wacker oxidation of alkenes	738	<b>Biominerals</b>	<b>813</b>
25.7 Asymmetric oxidations	739	26.17 Common examples of biominerals	814
25.8 Palladium-catalysed C–C bond-forming reactions	740	<b>Perspectives</b>	<b>815</b>
25.9 Methanol carbonylation: ethanoic acid synthesis	742	26.18 The contributions of individual elements	815
		26.19 Future directions	816
		<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>817</b>
		<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>818</b>
		<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>819</b>

<b>27 Inorganic chemistry in medicine</b>	<b>820</b>	<b>FURTHER READING</b>	<b>832</b>
<b>The chemistry of elements in medicine</b>	<b>820</b>	<b>EXERCISES</b>	<b>833</b>
27.1 Inorganic complexes in cancer treatment	821	<b>TUTORIAL PROBLEMS</b>	<b>833</b>
27.2 Anti-arthritis drugs	824	<b>Resource sections</b>	<b>834</b>
27.3 Bismuth in the treatment of gastric ulcers	825	<b>Resource section 1: Selected ionic radii</b>	<b>834</b>
27.4 Lithium in the treatment of bipolar disorders	826	<b>Resource section 2: Electronic properties of the elements</b>	<b>836</b>
27.5 Organometallic drugs in the treatment of malaria	826	<b>Resource section 3: Standard potentials</b>	<b>838</b>
27.6 Cyclams as anti-HIV agents	827	<b>Resource section 4: Character tables</b>	<b>851</b>
27.7 Inorganic drugs that slowly release CO: an agent against post-operative stress	828	<b>Resource section 5: Symmetry-adapted orbitals</b>	<b>856</b>
27.8 Chelation therapy	828	<b>Resource section 6: Tanabe-Sugano diagrams</b>	<b>860</b>
27.9 Imaging agents	830	<b>Index</b>	<b>863</b>
27.10 Outlook	832		