

- 1 The Logic of Compound Statements
  - Logical Form and Logical Equivalence
  - Conditional Statements
  - Introduction to Predicates and Quantified Statements I
- 3 Elementary Number Theory and Methods of Proof
  - Two Classical Theorems
  - Application: Algorithms
- 4 Sequences and Mathematical Induction
  - Valid and Invalid Arguments
  - Direct Proof and Counterexample III: Divisibility
  - Direct Proof and Counterexample V: Floor and Ceiling
  - Application: Digital Logic Circuits
  - Statements Containing Multiple Quantifiers
  - Indirect Argument: Contradiction and Contraposition
  - Application: Number Systems and Circuits for Addition
- 2 The Logic of Quantified Statements
  - Arguments with Quantified Statements
  - Introduction to Predicates and Quantified Statements II
  - Direct Proof and Counterexample IV: Division into Cases and the Quotient-Remainder Theorem
    - Direct Proof and Counterexample I: Introduction
    - Direct Proof and Counterexample II: Rational Numbers
  - Sequences
  - Mathematical Induction I
  - Mathematical Induction II
  - Strong Mathematical Induction and the Well-Ordering Principle
  - Application: Correctness of Algorithms
- 5 Set Theory
  - Basic Definitions of Set Theory
  - Properties of Sets
  - Disproofs, Algebraic Proofs, and Boolean Algebras
  - Russell's Paradox and the Halting Problem
- 6 Counting and Probability
  - Introduction
  - Possibility Trees and the Multiplication Rule
  - Counting Elements of Disjoint Sets: The Addition Rule
  - Counting Subsets of a Set: Combinations
  - R-Combinations with Repetition Allowed
  - The Algebra of Combinations
  - The Binomial Theorem
  - Probability Axioms and Expected Value
  - Conditional Probability, Bayes' Formula, and Independent Events
- 7 Functions
  - Functions Defined on General Sets
  - One-to-One and Onto, Inverse Functions
  - Application: The Pigeonhole Principle

- Composition of Functions
- Cardinality with Applications to Computability
- 8 Recursion
  - Recursively Defined Sequences
  - Solving Recurrence Relations by Iteration
  - Second-Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relations with Constant Coefficients
  - General Recursive Definitions
- 9 The Efficiency of Algorithms
  - Real-Valued Functions of a Real Variable and Their Graphs
  - O-, Omega-, and Theta-Notations
  - Application: Efficiency of Algorithms I
  - Exponential and Logarithmic Functions: Graphs and Orders
  - Application: Efficiency of Algorithms II
- 10 Relations
  - Relations on Sets
  - Reflexivity, Symmetry, and Transitivity
  - Equivalence Relations
  - Modular Arithmetic with Applications to Cryptography
  - Partial Order Relations
- 11 Graphs and Trees
  - Graphs: An Introduction
  - Paths and Circuits
  - Matrix Representations of Graphs
  - Isomorphisms of Graphs
  - Trees
  - Spanning Trees
- 12 Finite State Automata and Applications
  - Application: Regular Expressions
  - Finite-State Automata
  - Simplifying Finite-State Automata
- Appendices
- Properties of the Real Numbers
- Solutions and Hints to Selected Exercises
- Finite-State Automata