

- **Preface**
- **Abbreviations used in this book**
- **Greek letters used in this book**
- **Colour coding for molecules**
- **1 Viruses and their importance**
- **1.1 Viruses are ubiquitous on Earth**
- **1.2 Reasons for studying viruses**
- **1.3 The nature of viruses**
- **1.4 The remainder of the book**
- **2 Methods used in virology**
- **2.1 Introduction to methods used in virology**
- **2.2 Cultivation of viruses**
- **2.3 Isolation of viruses**
- **2.4 Centrifugation**
- **2.5 Structural investigations of cells and virions**
- **2.6 Electrophoretic techniques**
- **2.7 Detection of viruses and virus components**
- **2.8 Infectivity assays**
- **2.9 Virus genetics**
- **3 Virus structure**
- **3.1 Introduction to virus structure**
- **3.2 Virus genomes**
- **3.3 Virus proteins**
- **3.4 Capsids**
- **3.5 Virion membranes**
- **3.6 Occlusion bodies**
- **3.7 Other virion components**
- **4 Virus transmission**
- **4.1 Introduction to virus transmission**
- **4.2 Transmission of plant viruses**
- **4.3 Transmission of vertebrate viruses**
- **4.4 Transmission of invertebrate viruses**
- **4.5 Permissive cells**
- **5 Attachment and entry of viruses into cells**
- **5.1 Overview of virus replication**
- **5.2 Animal viruses**
- **5.3 Bacteriophages**
- **6 Transcription, translation and transport**
- **6.1 Introduction to transcription, translation and transport**
- **6.2 Transcription of virus genomes**
- **6.3 Transcription in eukaryotes**
- **6.4 Translation in eukaryotes**
- **6.5 Transport in eukaryotic cells**
- **6.6 Transcription and translation in bacteria**
- **7 Virus genome replication**
- **7.1 Overview of virus genome replication**

- **7.2 Locations of virus genome replication in eukaryotic cells**
- **7.3 Initiation of genome replication**
- **7.4 Polymerases**
- **7.5 DNA replication**
- **7.6 Double-stranded RNA replication**
- **7.7 Single-stranded RNA replication**
- **7.8 Reverse transcription**
- **8 Assembly and exit of virions from cells**
- **8.1 Introduction to assembly and exit of virions from cells**
- **8.2 Nucleocapsid assembly**
- **8.3 Formation of virion membranes**
- **8.4 Virion exit from the infected cell**
- **9 Outcomes of infection for the host**
- **9.1 Introduction to outcomes of infection for the host**
- **9.2 Factors affecting outcomes of infection**
- **9.3 Non-productive infections**
- **9.4 Productive infections**
- **10 Classification and nomenclature of viruses**
- **10.1 History of virus classification and nomenclature**
- **10.2 Modern virus classification and nomenclature**
- **10.3 Baltimore classification of viruses**
- **11 Herpesviruses (and other dsDNA viruses)**
- **11.1 Introduction to herpesviruses**
- **11.2 The human herpesviruses**
- **11.3 The herpesvirus virion**
- **11.4 HSV-1 genome organization**
- **11.5 HSV-1 replication**
- **11.6 Latent herpesvirus infection**
- **11.7 Other dsDNA viruses**
- **12 Parvoviruses (and other ssDNA viruses)**
- **12.1 Introduction to parvoviruses**
- **12.2 Examples of parvoviruses**
- **12.3 Parvovirus virion**
- **12.4 Parvovirus replication**
- **12.5 Other ssDNA viruses**
- **13 Reoviruses (and other dsRNA viruses)**
- **13.1 Introduction to reoviruses**
- **13.2 Rotavirus virion**
- **13.3 Rotavirus replication**
- **13.4 Other dsRNA viruses**
- **14 Picornaviruses (and other plus-strand RNA viruses)**
- **14.1 Introduction to picornaviruses**
- **14.2 Some important picornaviruses**
- **14.3 The picornavirus virion**
- **14.4 Picornavirus replication**
- **14.5 Picornavirus recombination**

- **14.6 Picornavirus experimental systems**
- **14.7 Other plus-strand RNA viruses**
- **15 Rhabdoviruses (and other minus-strand RNA viruses)**
- **15.1 Introduction to rhabdoviruses**
- **15.2 Some important rhabdoviruses**
- **15.3 The**